Child Care Health Consultation Summit Two Small Group Notes 3-27-19

For the small group sessions, participants were asked to sort themselves into three groups, two different times. Each time we explored the same questions in a peer group with similarity on a particular demographic characteristic. Participants were first grouped into race and/or ethnicity, and then grouped by role. Our intention was to see different and additional things each time we consider the same questions.

**These notes were captured by the table facilitators at Summit Two. Please excuse brevity and/or lack of clarity. We will have a chance to further review findings at Summit Three.

Group: People who identify as a person of color	
 Who are the different types of caregivers you think the system must support to ensure conditions in which all children, families, caregivers and providers thrive? All types, anyone who comes into contact with children Those in the foster care system: reuniting with the family Emphasis on the outskirts Parents who might be "resistant" to the western system How is this going to affect the communities? Particularly with Native American, Southeast Asian, Latinx, Trans, LGBTQ+, urban, rural, generational and immigration status, extended families SES levels Systematic racism explored Those who are impacted by trauma Think of titles, self-identification (e.g., coaches, mentors, etc.) especially males involved in kids' lives FFN who do not identify as FFN — "are you someone who helps take care of kids?" e.g., brothers and grandma Churches have programs to assist families, Sunday school is not formal Religious school with different cultures, go to where they are at 	What services and supports help caregivers and providers promote a healthy and safe environment and practices where all young children can learn and grow? Access to continuing education Financial support Mental health and wellness support for the caregivers Redistribution of funds and resources—Who gets the funds? How are they allocated? Limited resources that are "fought" amongst marginalized communities How do we communicate "radical" changes to get buy-in from dominant community (e.g. White)? Begins at the ground level at the communities—folks who provide services need to be at the table How are the supports provided? So that we support your work hours Consider where kids are at—If in home: fire escape, CPR coaching, food, nutrition Slumlords, how do you advocate for healthy housing? Immunization, community outreach Ages and stages/developmental milestones trainings for providers (ASQ) more widespread Child profile information is really helpful- helped a mom identify speech delay Cultural awareness, parents may not want to share about issues Needs to be same language Normalize- nervous about services and stigma If CPS involved, real risk about being vulnerable
What <u>education, experiences, and personal characteristics</u> best support consultants in helping caregivers and providers to ensure a healthy and safe environment and helpful	What <u>services and supports</u> help caregivers and providers <u>ensure the inclusion</u> of children with disabilities, health conditions, and mental and behavioral health needs?
practices?	Ability to determine and screen the needs of the caregivers and providers
 Someone who values the work and is passionate/excited about the work 	Information, resources about ACES and trauma

 Culturally and language appropriate or cultural match to the providers 	 Basic information about how this might impact child's development
Self-awareness, reflective capacity	Historical trauma
Team base-line knowledge	Societal "-ism" and internalized
Great and supportive supervisors	• More training needed for providers e.g., kid in corner alone and teacher says, "he likes to play
 Who can build relationships: trustworthy, compassionate, empathy, willing and 	alone"
open to learning, patience, flexibility, communication skills	 Find better ways to be inclusive so they don't think they are less than their peers
 Generationally we were raised in different era 	 Partnership between child care and early intervention
Providers should have some level of education, but a higher degree is not necessary	If child working with therapist, can therapist info share with child care provider

Group: People who identify as White	
 Who are the different types of caregivers you think the system must support to ensure conditions in which all children, families, caregivers and providers thrive? Family, friends, and neighbors (not just licensed care) – parents, siblings, and grandparents Special education preschools School districts Licensed in-home/Family Child Care Home Pediatricians Home visitor Community health workers What is the role of formal system to support adults in children's lives? All staff, i.e. teachers, assistants—not just directors Head Start, ECEAP Resources, culturally appropriate to all providers For all ages of children (beyond the infant room) 	What services and supports help caregivers and providers promote a healthy and safe environment and practices where all young children can learn and grow? • Need it all- business supervision and support • Collaborative and multidisciplinary delivered in different way: skype, in person, electronic, conferences • Frequent support: Hubs, helpline and live help • Trainings: individualized, comprehensive, free, STARS, community of practice • Care service coordination, cultural navigator, time to take within community, prefer conversation • Cultivate community centers • Relationship between consultant and provider: consistent and predictable, formalized follow-up • Grass-roots activism to make legislative change • Social emotional (providers and kids) • Intentionally moving beyond infant room • Provider mentality of job vs. career- making it worth it (better wages and benefits, less stigma, more incentives)—feel valued in the system
What <u>education, experiences, and personal characteristics</u> best support consultants in helping caregivers and providers to ensure a healthy and safe environment and helpful practices?	 FFNs and informal caregivers: more opportunities to come together What <u>services and supports</u> help caregivers and providers <u>ensure the inclusion</u> of children with disabilities, health conditions, and mental and behavioral health needs? Money—Increase subsidy rates for those who enroll children with special health needs

Cultural humility, culturally same background/ community	Training, mentoring, technical assistance
 Degree in nursing—content area expert has to be somewhere accessible 	Convey that it is doable
 Basic training, understanding of model regulations 	Address fears
 Professionalized training and support 	What can we do to be more confident?
• De we need a nurse for safer service?	 Family child care providers, no system of support now
 Personal, nice, relatable, collaborative, attunement, high Q, skilled in adult learning, 	Business decision vs. serving the child
responsive partner	Child care providers need support navigating all the system requirements- EA, WACs etc.
Wears socks (infant room)	Additional staff
	Additional support for families, providers serving families experiencing homelessness

Group: Coaches and consultants	
 Who are the different types of caregivers you think the system must support to ensure conditions in which all children, families, caregivers and providers thrive? Family, friends, and neighbors: older siblings, neighbors, grandparents, aunts and uncles, intergenerational, nannies and babysitters Families with parents experiencing incarceration, addiction, trauma, military families Focus on who historically has been underserved/not had access: LGBTQ, Native American, etc., outside of Seattle Licensed providers, facilities Early Head Start, ECEAP License exempt, outdoor preschools Opportunity for inclusion, who has the right to receive the service All types of staff. Not just directors. Also cooks, parents, liaison; who is interacting with children 	 What <u>services and supports</u> help caregivers and providers promote a healthy and safe environment and practices where all young children can learn and grow? In home consultation, group training (health, developmental, mental health) Virtual hub (access to the content) tele-conferencing, remote options Financial support and low to no-cost supports Networking Keeping them up to date Consistent and predictable follow-up Multidisciplinary content experts Grassroot activism More collaboration, sharing of information, EA and licensors need to be more connected to health consultants More accessible language, literacy and culture relevancy Hear and learn from providers, what do they need? No "one size fits all"; needs assessments, individual needs Personal supports for adverse experiences (trauma, homelessness, etc.) Resources (time, energy, \$) to provide translation Allocated resources, equity includes physical space, environment, this can be expensive

What <u>education, experiences, and personal characteristics</u> best support consultants in helping caregivers and providers to ensure a healthy and safe environment and helpful	What <u>services and supports</u> help caregivers and providers <u>ensure the inclusion</u> of children with disabilities, health conditions, and mental and behavioral health needs?
 practices? Reflective practices Reflective of the culture you serve- language Content area expertise, comes with degree and experience—"health" consultant needs the content expert Using the experts to problem solve, multidisciplinary team (degrees: bachelors, masters, etc) as resources for people "on the ground"—"holistic" services Organized system for the consultants Network across organizations Centralized system that have information about the organizations Defining the scope of services State-level coordination Personal characteristics: kind, nice, supportive, come in as a helping member, prioritize, good judgment, perspective taking Communication skills, lens to understand others' perspectives, lived experiences, acknowledgement of own privilege, check your bias Reflective practice, be humble, be open Relationship building Approach each setting with a fresh lens Value Community Health Worker model—sanctioned and appreciated Doesn't have to be professional- informal systems in community Experience with children and families, family members, helps to know how other families of similar culture operate 	 Caregivers: more training, consultants, shadowing to gain skills More money/increase subsidies for caregivers who enroll CSHCN (Children with Special Health Care Needs) Trust between parents and caregivers- get supports and knowledge to caregivers More targeted training and teaching

Group: Systems planners	
 Who are the different types of caregivers you think the system must support to ensure conditions in which all children, families, caregivers and providers thrive? FFN, licensed caregivers, Family Child Care Home, Child Care Centers, preschool, license-exempt There is a gap. License numbers in Somali community are down. Need different approaches to caregiving. How do we tap into caregivers who are "out" of the system? Like how BSK divided public health and community- focus approach 	What services and supports help caregivers and providers promote a healthy and safe environment and practices where all young children can learn and grow? • Relationships built and nurtured • Trusting • Multidisciplinary team at ready • Community organizations from community • Community liaison and ambassador • Not top down • Don't limit to current evidence-based (informing, promising) • Be able to respond organically, like home visits • How can we help them to be in an atmosphere where they are totally present • Outcome- strategy and money • People may equate "consult" and "coach" with money- this is a barrier, people won't access • There are too many programs! Community don't know where to go. One place with clear roadmap of where to go • Find and acknowledge holistic approach and support with business partners • Increase incentives for providers • Someone may not access "consult" when they are focused on meeting margin • Community does not know what consultation and mental health is • "Hub" could be good for smaller family businesses and that can help with system navigation • FHCC (family home child care) sub pool to access training • Consultation is largely unknown, misunderstood and no system to explain it • Large scale classroom space (i.e., ECEAP 75 slots) • Reg's (regulati
 What education, experiences, and personal characteristics best support consultants in helping caregivers and providers to ensure a healthy and safe environment and helpful practices? Mental health support Staff sustaining Train the trainers Fund scholarships 	 What <u>services and supports</u> help caregivers and providers <u>ensure the inclusion</u> of children with disabilities, health conditions, and mental and behavioral health needs? Higher subsidies for children with disabilities, multi-learning stages training, sign language, collaboration More trauma informed care (e.g., homeless families), incarcerated families, building family agency smoother

Pathway to more education	How do we ensure all voices and perspectives in system when most system planning is pre-
Personal characteristics: of various abilities	determined by "White"?
 Model for relationship building to help community navigate programs 	 More parents from community, with them sharing their experiences to increase trust and access of other parents
	 Increase investment in provider education as an ongoing process and consistent way
	Increase self-care trainings for providers
	 Training quality: supportive attuned relationship, can relate to providers experiences